STEM SCHOOL
VIDYA NAGAR - GUNTUR
Affiliated to ICSE, New Delhi | Affiliation No : AP116

QUARTERLY EXAMINATION – 2024 – 2025

SUBJECT: HISTORY & CIVICS (H.C.G PAPER - 1)

GRADE: VII

NAME OF THE STUDENT & SEC: _____ DATE: 20-09-2024

Maximum marks: **80**

Time allowed: **$2\frac{1}{2}$ HOURS**

Answers to this paper must be written on the answer sheet provided separately.

You will not be allowed to write during the first **15** minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from **Part I(**compulsory)

A total of five questions are to be attempted from **Part II**. **Two** out of four questions from **Section A** and **three** out of five questions from **Section B.**

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [ ].

PART- I (30 MARKS)

*(Answer **all** questions from this **Part)***

Question 1

Choose the correct answer to the questions from the given options. **16×1=16M**

(Do not copy the question, write the correct answers only.)

1. What was the significance of the Last Supper in Christianity?

a) It was a feast held by Jesus for his followers
b) It was the event where Jesus was baptized
c) It was the meal Jesus shared with his disciples before his crucifixion
d) It was a celebration of Jesus' resurrection

2. Which of the following best describes the role of the Apostles in early Christianity?

a) They were Roman officials who opposed Christianity
b) They were Jesus' followers who helped spread his teachings
c) They were writers of the Old Testament
d) They were leaders of Roman armies

3. How might the spread of Christian teachings influence the Roman Empire's culture?

a) By encouraging the use of new languages
b) By leading to the decline of Roman architecture
c) By introducing new religious practices and values
d) By stopping all trade activities

4. Why were the Crusades significant in medieval Europe?

a) They led to the invention of new technologies
b) They were a series of religious wars between Christians and Muslims
c) They resulted in the establishment of new political kingdoms
d) They caused the decline of feudalism in Europe

5. If you were a knight in medieval Europe, which of the following would you most likely be involved in?

a) Trading goods across Europe b) Building public infrastructure
c) Participating in battles d) Running a guild

6. How effective were the Crusades in achieving their primary goal of reclaiming the Holy Land?

a) Completely effective, as the Holy Land was successfully reclaimed and retained.
b) Moderately effective, as some territories were reclaimed but not maintained.
c) Ineffective, as the Holy Land was never reclaimed.
d) Not effective at all, as they had no impact on the Holy Land.

7. Who is considered the founder of Islam?

a) Abu Bakr b)Muhammad c) Ali d) Umar ibn al-Khattab

8. What does the term 'Hijrat' refer to in Islamic history?

a) The birth of Muhammad
b) The migration of Muhammad from Mecca to Medina
c) The revelation of the Quran
d) The first battle fought by Muslims

9. Why is the Quran considered important to Muslims?

a) It is a historical account of the Arab world.
b) It contains the teachings and laws given to Muhammad by Allah.
c) It describes the geography of the Middle East.
d) It provides a guide for agricultural practices.

10. Which Turkish ruler first invaded India in the late 12th century?

a) Timur b) Mahmud of Ghazni
c) Genghis Khan d) Babur

11. Who was the founder of the Delhi Sultanate?

a) Muhammad Ghori b) Iltutmish c) Qutb-ud-din Aibak d) Alauddin Khilji

12. What was the primary religion of the rulers of the Delhi Sultanate?

a) Hinduism b) Buddhism c) Islam d) Jainism

13. Which Sultan is known for his ambitious project of moving the capital from Delhi to Daulatabad?

a) Muhammad bin Tughlaq b) Iltutmish
c) Qutb-ud-din Aibak d) Alauddin Khilji

14. During which Sultan's reign was the Tughlaqabad Fort built?

a) Muhammad bin Tughlaq
b) Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq
c) Firuz Shah Tughlaq
d) Alauddin Khilji

15. What is the term for the followers of Jesus Christ who spread his teachings?

a) Apostles b)Prophets c) Disciples d) Saints

16. Match the following:

(i) Chalisa	(a) Balban
(ii) Malik Yakut	(b) group of forty people
(iii) Divine theory of kingship	(c) killed the grandson of Balban
(iv) Jalaluddin Khilji	(d) Abyssinian Slave

a) (i)-a (ii)-b (iii)-c (iv)-d
b) (i)-b (ii)-d (iii)-a (iv)-c
c) (i)-d (ii)-c (iii)-a (iv)-b
d) (i)-b (ii)-a (iii)-d (iv)-c

Question-2
Answer the following questions in brief.

1. Why the slave dynasty was called so? [2M]
2. Why did allow them not annex the Deccan kingdoms to his empire? [2M]
3. Name the 5 dynasties of the Delhi sultanate. [2M]
4. What is the caliphate? [2M]
5. When and why was the Roman Empire divided? [2M]
6. Name any 2 followers of Jesus Christ. [2M]
7. List the rulers of Tughlaq dynasty. [2M]

Part-B (50 MARKS)

(Answer any five of the following questions)

Question-3
With reference to Delhi Sultanate, answer the following:

a. When did the Lodhi dynasty rule the Delhi sultanate?
List the rulers from the Lodhi dynasty. **[3M]**
b. Compare the response to Mongolia attacks of the Khilji and Lodi dynasties. **[3M]**
c. Critically assess the economic reforms of Alauddin Khilji in terms of the long term impact on the empire. **[4M]**

Question-4
With reference to Delhi Sultanate, answer the following:

a. Explain why the Turkish invasions were successful in establishing control over northern India. **[3M]**
b. Analyse the measures taken by Iltutmish to consolidate his empire. **[3M]**
c. Give an account of battles fought by Muhammad of Ghazni in India. **[4M]**

Question-5
With reference to Rise and Spread of Islam, answer the following:

a. Write about the early life of Muhammad and the rise of Islam in Arabia. **[3M]**
b. What was the relation between India and the Arab world. **[3M]**
c. Briefly explain the 5 pillars of Islam. **[4M]**

Question-6
With reference to Medieval Europe, answer the following:

a. How did the Crusades lead to the fall of the feudal Lords? **[3M]**
b. Discuss about the factors that led to the fall of the western Roman Empire. **[3M]**
c. How did the Byzantine Empire continue to flourish even after the fall of its western counterpart. **[4M]**

Question-7
With reference to Rise of Christianity, answer the following:

a. Write a note on the resurrection of Jesus. **[3M]**
b. What are the main teachings of Jesus Christ? **[3M]**
c. Explain the life of Jesus after the divine revelation. **[4M]**

Question-8
With reference to Delhi Sultanate, answer the following:

a. Why is Iltutmish considered the real founder of Turkish rule in India? **[3M]**
b. Write a note on Razia sultana **[3M]**
c. This is a picture of the founder of the Slave Dynasty. Answer the following questions: **[4M]**



i. Identify the ruler.
ii. How did they occupy the throne of Delhi?
iii. Name some monuments he built.
iv. Who was his successor?

Question-9
With reference to Rise of Christianity and Medieval Europe, answer the following:

a. How did the Crusades lead to the fall of the feudal lords? **[3M]**
b. Write about emperor Constantine and Christianity **[3M]**
c. Explain about the Monks and Monasteries. **[4M]**

All the best!